



Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People

INTERNATIONAL MEETINGS AND CONFERENCES

The Committee considers that its programme of international meetings and conferences implemented by the Division for Palestinian Rights contributes to focusing the attention of Governments, intergovernmental and civil society organizations and the public on the urgency of bringing about the two-State solution to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict and mobilizing assistance to the Palestinian people. Through its international meetings programme, the Committee intends to further generate wide support for a peaceful solution of the conflict, based on international law and relevant United Nations resolutions.

For meetings calendar, visit www.un.org/depts/dpa/qpal/calendar.

For meetings' reports, visit <http://unispal.un.org/unispal.nsf/mtgreps>

Following are the most recent meetings held under the auspices of the Committee:

UNITED NATIONS INTERNATIONAL MEETING IN SUPPORT OF ISRAELI-PALESTINIAN PEACE

"Reviving the collective international engagement towards a two-State solution to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict"
Beijing, 18 and 19 June 2013

The Meeting, while welcoming the re-engagement of the United States towards reaching a final status agreement, called for a new approach, with a renewed and more effective engagement by the international community as a whole, including efforts by China, the Russian Federation, the European Union, and the United Nations, and in particular the Security Council, to bring the parties back to the negotiating table. Stressing that the status quo was unsustainable, and expressing grave concern at the deteriorating situation on the ground and labelling Israeli illegal practices as obstacles to peace, the Meeting called for the United Nations to be at the forefront of the peace efforts, based on the Organization's principles and through the long overdue implementation of its numerous resolutions. The participants agreed on the paramount need to create conditions conducive to negotiations that would lead to the realization of the two-State solution. The renewed engagement of China and its four-point proposal for the settlement of the Palestinian question were welcomed by the Meeting as a constructive contribution to the way forward.

UNITED NATIONS INTERNATIONAL MEETING ON THE QUESTION OF PALESTINE

"African solidarity with the Palestinian people for the achievement of its inalienable rights, including the sovereignty and independence of the State of Palestine"
UN Conference Centre, Addis Ababa, 29 and 30 April 2013

The Meeting was dedicated to Africa's support in achieving Palestinian independence and sovereignty, while drawing on the experience of African States in anti-colonial and anti-apartheid struggles, as well as in post-colonial efforts to build effective governments and sustainable economies. In this quest for independence and self-determination, representatives of African States, speaking at the meeting, pledged their strong support to the Palestinian people. Speakers contemplated Africa's experience with decolonization, economic independence and sustainable development, considering the lessons that would be relevant and important for the State of Palestine. Participants agreed that to achieve full sovereignty and territorial integrity, the Palestinian people must form a national unity Government, warning that divisions only served to weaken and destabilize a nascent State. Experts urged African Governments to share their negotiating and institution-building tactics, create a continent-wide solidarity movement, and launch a regional peace initiative to help the Palestinian people in their endeavour towards sovereignty and statehood.

UNITED NATIONS SEMINAR ON ASSISTANCE TO THE PALESTINIAN PEOPLE

"Assistance to the Palestinians - challenges and opportunities in the new reality of a State under occupation"
Rome, 27 and 28 February 2013

Following the admission of Palestine to the United Nations as a non-member observer State on 29 November 2012, the Seminar looked into the economic and financial challenges of the new State in view of building a viable and sustainable economy. The heavy territorial restrictions, its lack of control of its points of access and its natural resources, the ongoing protection crisis, unemployment, the siege of Gaza and its water shortage, and its financial dependence, made the economy of Palestine captive to the occupation. Developing the potential of its private and agricultural sectors, tapping into the potential of the 80 per cent unemployed highly-educated women, and fostering economic growth through good governance, rule of law and e-governance were identified as some of the crucial tasks of the new State.

United Nations Asian and Pacific Meeting in support of Israeli-Palestinian Peace

"International efforts at addressing the obstacles to the two-State solution - the role of Asian and Pacific governmental and non-governmental actors"
Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific, Bangkok, 10 and 11 July 2012

The Meeting looked at obstacles and opportunities on the road to achieving peace between Israelis and Palestinians, encouraging broad international

action in this respect. It considered ways in which Governments, intergovernmental

organizations and civil society can be instrumental in helping the parties resume and strengthen the political dialogue and in promoting and applying the principles of international law to efforts aimed at resolving the conflict. From the regional perspective, the Meeting discussed how Asian and Pacific States can make an effective contribution through their action in national and intergovernmental mechanisms.

UNITED NATIONS MEETING OF CIVIL SOCIETY IN SUPPORT OF ISRAELI-PALESTINIAN PEACE
"Civil society action towards ending the occupation: Harnessing the power of youth and women"
UNESCO Headquarters, Paris, 1 June 2012

The Meeting looked into ways in which civil society organizations serve as a platform for empowering youths and women. Through discussions in break-out groups, the Meeting examined the various areas of civil society action and explored the power of social media in mobilizing the wider public.

UNITED NATIONS INTERNATIONAL MEETING ON THE QUESTION OF PALESTINE
"The role of youth and women in the peaceful resolution of the question of Palestine"
UNESCO Headquarters, Paris, 30 and 31 May 2012

The Meeting aimed at mobilizing the international community in support of youth and women's initiatives on the ground and further raise awareness of the ways in which the energy and resourcefulness of youth and women could be harnessed to achieve a peaceful end to the Israeli occupation. It focused on how to empower women and youth through education, training and economic opportunities, and how to include them more in the political process. The Meeting also looked at social media networks and their impact on the building of an open Palestinian society, and considered the role of the international community, in particular, how Governments, UN entities and international civil society organizations can better coordinate their efforts with Palestinian and Israeli youths and women organizations to achieve a peaceful solution to the question of Palestine.

UNITED NATIONS INTERNATIONAL MEETING ON THE QUESTION OF PALESTINE
"The question of Palestinian political prisoners in Israeli prisons and detention facilities: legal and political implications"
Geneva, 3 and 4 April 2012

The Meeting reviewed legal and humanitarian aspects of the arrests and detentions of Palestinians by Israel, the occupying Power; considered the status of Palestinian prisoners in international law; looked at the issue of Palestinian political prisoners in the context of the Israeli-Palestinian political process; and discussed ways of strengthening the role of non-governmental actors in raising awareness and promoting a solution to this issue. Thoroughly debated were the possible application of Prisoner of War (POW) status according to the Fourth Geneva Convention, as well as available legal mechanisms to ensure compliance by the occupying Power with international humanitarian and human rights laws. Recommendations for action aimed at engaging further the United Nations, including the establishment of an international fact-finding mission, the adoption of a respective resolution by the General Assembly, and the possible request for an advisory opinion by the International Court of Justice.

UNITED NATIONS SEMINAR ON ASSISTANCE TO THE PALESTINIAN PEOPLE
"The economic cost of continued Israeli occupation of the Palestinian Territory; local, regional and international efforts towards mitigating it"
Cairo, 6 and 7 February 2012

The Seminar reviewed the impact of Israeli policies and practices on the socio-economic situation in the West Bank and Gaza; looked at the cost of the Israeli occupation incurred by the Palestinians in various sectors of the economy; and examined the ways of sustaining the recent economic achievements following the implementation of the Palestinian State-building programme. The meeting estimated the cost of the occupation at around \$7 billion in 2010, an amount close to the Palestinian annual gross domestic product. The participants also looked at ways of mitigating the cost of occupation and ensuring socio-economic viability of the future State of Palestine.

Additional information about the Committee and the Division can be obtained from:

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