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Question of Palestine

Algeria, Bahrain, Brunei Darussalam, Comoros, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, Indonesia, Jordan, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Malaysia, Malta, Mauritania, Morocco, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Somalia, South Africa, Sudan, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, Yemen and Palestine: draft resolution

Peaceful settlement of the question of Palestine*The General Assembly,**Recalling* its relevant resolutions, including those adopted at the tenth emergency special session,*Recalling also* the relevant Security Council resolutions, including resolutions 242 (1967) of 22 November 1967, 338 (1973) of 22 October 1973 and 1397 (2002) of 12 March 2002,*Welcoming* the affirmation by the Security Council of the vision of a region where two States, Israel and Palestine, live side by side within secure and recognized borders,*Noting* that it has been fifty-six years since the adoption of resolution 181 (II) of 29 November 1947 and thirty-six years since the occupation of Palestinian territory, including East Jerusalem, in 1967,*Having considered* the report of the Secretary-General submitted pursuant to the request made in its resolution 57/110 of 3 December 2002, [1](#)*Reaffirming* the permanent responsibility of the United Nations with regard to the question of Palestine until the question is resolved in all its aspects,*Convinced* that achieving a final and peaceful settlement of the question of Palestine, the core of the Arab-Israeli conflict, is imperative for the attainment of a comprehensive and lasting peace and stability in the Middle East,*Aware* that the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples is among the purposes and principles enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations,*Affirming* the principle of the inadmissibility of the acquisition of territory by war,*Affirming also* the illegality of the Israeli settlements in the territory occupied since 1967 and of Israeli actions aimed at changing the status of Jerusalem, and calling upon Israel, the occupying Power, to stop all settlement activities and other actions in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, that are in violation of international law and of the letter and the spirit of the road map, and that may prejudice the outcome of future negotiations on permanent status,*Gravely concerned* about the construction by Israel of a wall in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including in and around East Jerusalem, in departure from the Armistice Line of 1949, which could prejudice future negotiations and make the two-State solution physically impossible to implement and would cause further humanitarian hardship for the Palestinian people,*Affirming once again* the right of all States in the region to live in peace within secure and internationally recognized borders,*Recalling* the mutual recognition between the Government of the State of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization, the representative of the Palestinian people² and the existing agreements concluded between the two sides, and the need for full compliance with those agreements,*Welcoming* the official presentation by the Quartet of the road map to a permanent two-State solution to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict, [3](#)*Welcoming also* initiatives and efforts undertaken by various regional and international non-governmental parties in pursuit of peace in the region,*Recognizing* the urgent need to rebuild the damaged institutions of the Palestinian Authority,*Noting* the appointment by the Secretary-General of the United Nations Special Coordinator for the Middle East Peace Process and Personal Representative of the Secretary-General to the Palestine Liberation Organization and the Palestinian Authority, and its positive contribution,*Welcoming* the convening of international donor meetings, as well as the establishment of international mechanisms to provide assistance to the Palestinian people,*Expressing its grave concern* over the tragic events in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, since 28 September 2000 and the continued deterioration of the situation, including the rising number of deaths and injuries, mostly among Palestinian civilians, the deepening humanitarian crisis facing the Palestinian people and the widespread destruction of Palestinian property and infrastructure, both private and public, including many institutions of the Palestinian Authority,*Expressing its grave concern also* over the repeated incursions into Palestinian-controlled areas and the reoccupation of many Palestinian population centres by the Israeli occupying forces,*Emphasizing* the importance of the safety and well-being of all civilians in the whole Middle East region, and condemning all acts of violence and terror against civilians on both sides,*Gravely concerned* over the increased suffering and casualties on both the Palestinian and Israeli sides, the loss of confidence on both sides and the dire situation facing the Middle East peace process,*Aware* of the urgent need for revitalized and active international involvement to overcome the current dangerous impasse in the peace process,*Affirming* the urgent need for the parties to cooperate with all international efforts, including the efforts of the Quartet, to end the current tragic situation and to resume negotiations towards a final peace settlement,

1. *Reaffirms* the necessity of achieving a peaceful settlement of the question of Palestine, the core of the Arab-Israeli conflict, in all its aspects and of intensifying all efforts towards that end;

2. *Reaffirms* also its full support for the Middle East peace process, which began in Madrid, and the existing agreements between the Israeli and Palestinian sides, stresses the necessity for the establishment of a comprehensive, just and lasting peace in the Middle East, and welcomes in this regard the efforts of the Quartet;

3. *Welcomes* the Arab Peace Initiative adopted by the Council of the League of Arab States at its fourteenth session, held in Beirut on 27 and 28 March 2002; ⁴

4. *Calls for* the implementation of the road map and stresses in this regard the importance and urgency of establishing a credible and effective third-party monitoring mechanism;

5. *Stresses* the necessity for a commitment to the vision of the two-State solution and the principle of land for peace, and the implementation of Security Council resolutions 242 (1967), 338 (1973) and 1397 (2002);

6. *Stresses also* the urgent need for Israel to stop and reverse the construction of the wall in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including in and around East Jerusalem, which is in contradiction to relevant provisions of international law;

7. *Stresses further* the need for a speedy end to the reoccupation of Palestinian population centres and for the complete cessation of all acts of violence, including military attacks, destruction and acts of terror;

8. *Calls upon* the parties concerned, the Quartet and other interested parties to exert all efforts and undertake initiatives necessary to halt the deterioration of the situation and to reverse all measures taken on the ground since 28 September 2000, and to ensure a successful and speedy resumption of the peace process and the conclusion of a final peaceful settlement;

9. *Stresses* the need for:

(a) The withdrawal of Israel from the Palestinian territory occupied since 1967;

(b) The realization of the inalienable rights of the Palestinian people, primarily the right to self-determination and the right to their independent State;

10. *Also stresses* the need for resolving the problem of the Palestine refugees in conformity with its resolution 194 (III) of 11 December 1948;

11. *Urges* Member States to expedite the provision of economic, humanitarian and technical assistance to the Palestinian people and the Palestinian Authority during this critical period to help alleviate the suffering of the Palestinian people, rebuild the Palestinian economy and infrastructure and support the restructuring and reform of Palestinian institutions;

12. *Requests* the Secretary-General to continue his efforts with the parties concerned, and in consultation with the Security Council, towards the attainment of a peaceful settlement of the question of Palestine and the promotion of peace in the region and to submit to the Assembly at its fifty-ninth session a report on these efforts and on developments on this matter.

Notes

¹A/58/416-S/2003/947.

²See A/48/486-S/26560, annex.

³S/2003/529, annex.

⁴A/56/1026-S/2002/932, annex II, resolution 14/221.
