

OCCUPIED PALESTINIAN TERRITORY

Strategic Response Plan 2015

PLANNING FIGURES FOR DEC '15



1.9 million
people in need of assistance

1.3 million
in the Gaza Strip

0.6 million
in the West Bank



1.6 million
people targeted



705 million
US\$ required for Jan-Dec 2015



207 projects
presented by 77 organizations
(25 NGOs, 39 INGOs & 13 UN agencies)

VULNERABLE PEOPLE



2.3 million
people food insecure and vulnerable to food insecurity



100,000
people internally displaced in Gaza



2 million
registered refugees with UNRWA



1.8 million
people affected by the energy crisis in Gaza

KEY GOALS

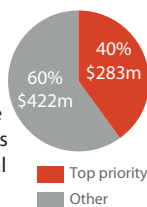
- 1 Enhance protection by promoting respect for IHL and IHRL, pursuing accountability, and preventing and mitigating the impact of violations.
- 2 Respond to immediate needs following shocks and increase the resilience of those at risk of forcible displacement.
- 3 Respond to food insecurity and promote resilient livelihoods.
- 4 Ensure people in areas with limited services and restricted access, have access to essential services.
- 5 Enhance the capacity of national stakeholders to provide timely coordination of and effective preparedness for coordinated response to emergencies.
- 6 Ensure transitional solutions for IDPs and those vulnerable to (re-) displacement in Gaza, working towards a durable solution.

SITUATION OVERVIEW

The context in the oPt is a protracted protection crisis with humanitarian consequences, driven by a lack of respect for international law. Palestinians in the oPt face a range of serious protection threats including threats to life, liberty and security; destruction or damage to homes and other property; forced displacement; restrictions on freedom of movement and on access to livelihoods; and lack of accountability and effective remedy. The seasonal winter flooding further exacerbates pre-existing humanitarian needs. In 2014, there was a sharp increase in the severity of humanitarian needs in the Gaza Strip as a result of the July-August conflict.

SRP REQUIREMENTS BY PRIORITY

All interventions in the plan are crucial to stabilize or improve conditions for vulnerable Palestinians however, the HCT has identified a number of top priority projects for immediate funding. This includes activities deemed lifesaving, time critical or critical enabling, such as support to IDPs in Gaza.



WHAT IF WE ARE NOT ABLE TO DELIVER AID?

If we fail, 1.6 million food insecure Palestinians will not receive assistance and the food insecure caseload may increase if resilient livelihoods are not protected, supported or restored. 1.1 million school children risk having their education compromised by the humanitarian effects of conflict and occupation. Hundreds of thousands of people will be denied access to essential healthcare. Two million people will not have access to adequate water and sanitation.

In Gaza, over 22,000 families could remain displaced in temporary and often inadequate shelter, and across oPt tens of thousands of families remain at risk of re-displacement/ displacement due to homes being unprepared for winter. The trauma of children who have faced 51 days of war in Gaza will go untreated. People across Gaza, particularly children could risk death or serious injury due to the presence of explosive remnants of war.

FUNDING REQUIREMENTS TO DEC 2015

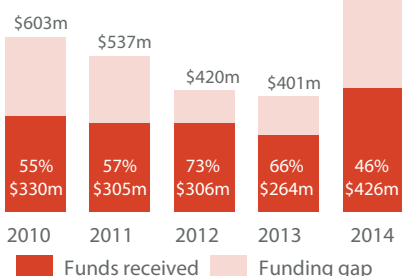
Cluster	Requirements	Requirements priority	Est. people in need	Est. people targeted
Education	\$20m	20%	0.76m people	55%
Health & Nutrition	\$21m	33%	1.6m people	100%
Coordination	\$23m	1%	1.9m people	100%
WASH	\$39m	49%	1.4m people	36%
Protection	\$52m	48%	1.65m people	88%
Shelter & NFIs	\$225m	75%	0.5m people	60%
Food Security	\$324m	18%	1.9m people	84%

FUNDING TRENDS SINCE 2010



1.63 billion
US\$ committed in the last 5 years, leaving

1.25 billion
US\$ funding gap



RESPONSE STRATEGY



MORE INFORMATION

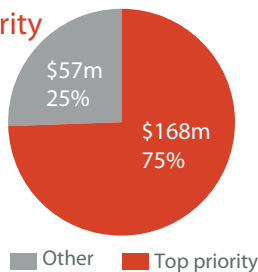
- www.unocha.org/cap
- <http://fts.unocha.org/>
- oPt.humanitarianresponse.info
- <http://www.ochaopt.org/>
- <http://reliefweb.int/country/pse>
- [Facebook.com/ochaopt](https://www.facebook.com/ochaopt)

🏠 SHELTER & NFI PRIORITIES

0.5m est. people in need

60%
est. people targeted

Requirements priority



Gaza Strip

- Ensure that vulnerable families can mitigate the effects of harsh weather conditions through winterization/sealing-off of damaged homes and ensuring cluster member preparedness for natural and man-made disasters.
- Expand the number of adequate transitional shelter and durable solutions available to IDP families, including provision of legal advice and support for housing, land and property issues and facilitate coordinated access to WASH facilities.
- Establish a recovery framework to include neighbourhood planning, urban profiling and urban regeneration to address chronic overcrowding and absorption capacity in the event of a solution to the conflict, in order to 'build back better'.

West Bank

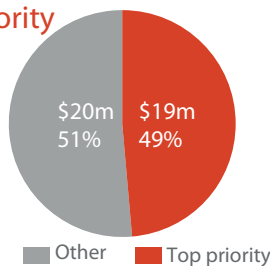
- Protect and improve living conditions of vulnerable families from adverse climate conditions, through the provision of appropriate shelters and NFIs. Actions include winterization, shelter rehabilitation and ensuring adequate living space.
- Reduce the risk of forcible displacement through systematic and timely post-shelter demolition response in locations where those affected are currently living, with a focus on the Bedouin communities threatened with relocation in the central West Bank.

🚰 WASH PRIORITIES

1.4m est. people in need

36%
est. people targeted

Requirements priority



Gaza Strip

- Ensure stability of the current, reduced level of service, and household level support to war-affected and IDP families to improve their water and sanitation access, water storage and hygiene. Reinforce capacities of service providers to prevent and respond to localised floods due to increased flood risk after the conflict.

- Service provision in underserved / unconnected communities.

Both objectives support transitional solutions for those affected by the conflict; essential services in areas with limited services and restricted access; and enhancing preparedness capacity of national stakeholders to flooding.

West Bank

- Increase access to water in Area C communities and respond to demolitions of WASH infrastructure. This includes improving access in over 60 communities (including 40 schools), and reinforcing capacities of Joint Service Councils in Area C.
- Respond to WASH demolitions as part of an integral package of response embedded within the Shelter Cluster plan.

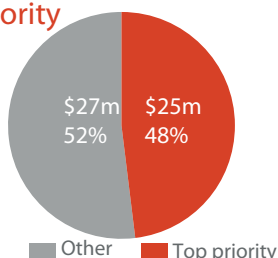
Objectives respond to immediate needs following shocks and increase the resilience of those at risk of forced displacement; ensure services in areas with restricted access; and enhance the capacities of national stakeholders to oversee service delivery in Area C.

🧑 PROTECTION PRIORITIES

1.65m est. people in need

88%
est. people targeted

Requirements priority



Gaza Strip and West Bank:

- Increase respect for human rights and international humanitarian law.
- Prevent and mitigate the impacts of abuses and violations of human rights and humanitarian law, and of the armed conflict.

Achieved through monitoring and documentation of violations, including grave violations against children; coordinated advocacy; legal assistance; child protection responses; protective presence in the West Bank; ERW assessment, clearance and education; responses to gender-based violence; and mainstreaming of protection (including gender, age and disability) in humanitarian response.

Gaza Strip

- ERW removal and awareness.
- Respond to the protection concerns of IDPs. The need to pursue accountability for violations committed during the conflict is a priority, particularly after the recent crisis.

West Bank

- Monitor developments affecting Palestinians in East Jerusalem and Bedouins at risk of forcible transfer.



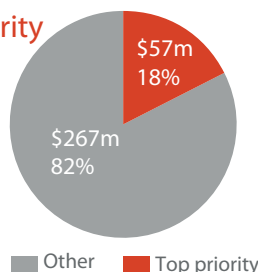
FOOD SECURITY PRIORITIES

1.9m est. people in need

84%

est. people targeted

Requirements priority



Other Top priority

Gaza Strip and West Bank

- Addressing chronic food insecurity, including addressing immediate food needs and protecting and diversifying the incomes of groups with low resilience, by protecting their livelihoods and supporting existing coping and livelihood strategies. Food Security partners will respond to food insecurity through a range of different interventions, including provision of food commodities, food vouchers, cash for work and unconditional cash assistance.
- Promoting and protecting the livelihoods of rural farmers, herders, breeders, fishers and urban and peri-urban producers, in order to decrease their dependence on direct food assistance and increase their resilience to be better prepared for, and respond to, man-made and naturally triggered shocks.
- Enhancing emergency preparedness capacity in close collaboration with relevant national authorities.
- Supporting advocacy initiatives focused on highlighting the right to access neglected natural resources and, in particular in the West Bank, respond to settler violence and demolitions of livelihood assets. For the latter, food security partners will also provide emergency support to affected people.



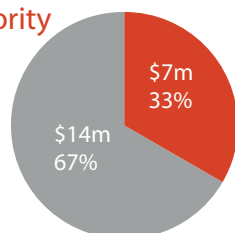
HEALTH AND NUTRITION PRIORITIES

1.6m est. people in need

100%

est. people targeted

Requirements priority



Other Top priority

Gaza Strip

- Providing essential multi-disciplinary rehabilitation services for people with disabilities in Gaza due to the impact of the last conflict and the increased number of people with disabilities.
- Improving access to life saving and essential emergency reproductive and maternal health services in Gaza.
- Strengthening emergency health information and coordination for more effective humanitarian health action.
- Securing essential pharmaceuticals to leukaemia and haemophilia patients in Gaza.

West Bank

- Running mobile clinics for vulnerable groups with restricted access to quality and affordable Primary Health Care (PHC) and nutrition services, including referral of survivors of violence related to the conflict and GBV to protection organizations.

Gaza Strip and West Bank

- Training and awareness campaigns for health providers and community members to build their resilience and EPR (management of mass casualties, rescue and first aid and referral to higher levels of health care).



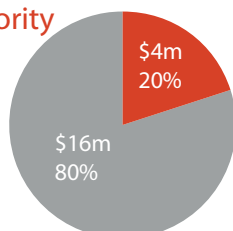
EDUCATION PRIORITIES

0.76m est. people in need

55%

est. people targeted

Requirements priority



Other Top priority

Gaza Strip

- Remedial classes and after school tutoring for more than 400,000 students who can only be accommodated for a half day of classes (double shift), due to the extreme shortage of school buildings.
- Repairs to more than 200 kindergardens damaged during the 2014 Gaza war.

West Bank

- Protective presence to ensure safe access to and from schools for 120,000 students in Area C and East Jerusalem.
- Improved monitoring of attacks on education and violations of access to education across the West Bank, through an expanded MRM system.